- **1.** Bond breaking absorbs energy
  - AND bond making releases energy  $\checkmark$

*ALLOW* bond breaking is endothermic *AND* bond making is exothermic

More energy released than absorbed  $\checkmark$ 

ALLOW exothermic change transfers more energy than endothermic change OR bond making transfers more energy than bond breaking OR '(the sum of the) bond enthalpies in the products is greater than the (sum of the) bond enthalpies in the reactants' OR '(the sum of the) bond enthalpies of the bonds made is greater than (the sum of) the bond enthalpies of the bonds broken' IGNORE reference to strong and weak bonds

IGNORE enthalpy of products is less than enthalpy of reactants

[2]

[1]

## 2. Respiration $\checkmark$

**IGNORE** anaerobic

**3.** (i) 
$$100 \times 4.18 \times 17.3 \checkmark$$
  
*ALLOW 7231 J*  $\checkmark$ 

7.23 (kJ) 🗸

ALLOW 7.23 with no working out ALLOW from 7.2 up to calculator value of 7.2314 ALLOW from 0.060 up to calculator value for 1 mark (i.e. ECF from use of m = 0.831 in first stage) IGNORE sign

(ii)  $M_{\rm r} = 180$   $\checkmark$ 

amount =  $4.62 \times 10^{-3}$  (mol)  $\checkmark$  *ALLOW*  $4.6 \times 10^{-3}$  *OR*  $4.62 \times 10^{-3}$  *OR*  $4.617 \times 10^{-3}$  up to calculator value *DO NOT ALLOW* 0.005*ALLOW ECF from wrong*  $M_r$ 

2

(iii)  $\Delta H_c = 1560 \text{ (kJ) } \mathbf{OR} \ 1570 \text{ (kJ)}$ 

but answer must be to 3 sig fig ✓ ALLOW ECF from 'answer to (i) ÷ answer to (ii) '

but answer must be to 3 sig fig

minus sign 🗸

minus mark is an independent mark

[6]

2

**4.** +1250 ✓

ALLOW full marks for -2830 with no working out  $\checkmark \checkmark \checkmark$ 

+(-394 × 6) + (-286 × 6) **OR** -4080  $\checkmark$ -2830  $\checkmark$ *ALLOW for 2 marks:* 

+2830	cycle wrong way around
<b>OR</b> 1400 <b>OR</b> 860	one value not $\times$ 6
<b>OR</b> -5330 <b>OR</b> +5330	wrong sign for 1250 or 4080
<b>OR</b> +570 ✓✓	correct cycle but not $\times 6$
ALLOW for 1 mark:	
-1400 <b>OR</b> - 860	cycle wrong way around and one value not $\times 6$
<b>OR</b> –570	cycle wrong way around and not $\times 6$
<b>OR</b> −1930 OR +1930 ✓	wrong sign and not $\times 6$

*Note: There may be other possibilities.* 

[3]

## 5. Any two from the following:

Heat released to the surroundings  $\checkmark$ 

ALLOW heat loss

Incomplete combustion **OR** incomplete reaction **OR** not everything burns

IGNORE reference to evaporation

Non-standard conditions  $\checkmark$ 

[2]

6. (i) Acid ✓

		<b>ALLOW</b> correct formula if no name given: e.g. $H_3PO_4$ <b>OR</b> $H_2SO_4$ <b>OR</b> $H^+ \checkmark$		
		<b>ALLOW</b> correct name of acid even if an incorrect formula is used		
		IGNORE heterogeneous OR homogeneous	1	
	(ii)	The position of equilibrium will shift so as to minimise the effect of any change in conditions $\checkmark$		
		<b>DO NOT ALLOW</b> 'reaction shifts' The idea of a shift in equilibrium is essential	1	
	(iii)	Low temperature AND high pressure 🗸		
		One mark for conditions. This mark is independent of the reasons for conditions		
		Low temperature because the (forward) reaction is exothermic $\checkmark$		
		One mark for reason for the chosen temperature		
		High pressure because there are fewer moles (of gas) on the right hand side ✓ One mark for reason for the chosen pressure ALLOW fewer moles of products		
			3	
	(iv)	(60 atmosphere pressure is a) high pressure may be too expensive <b>OR</b> may cause safety problems $\checkmark$		
		(300 °C is sufficiently high) to give a fast rate of reaction $\checkmark$		
		without shifting equilibrium to the left <b>OR</b> compromising equilibrium yield $\checkmark$		
			3	[8]
-	<b>T</b> 1			
7.	The			
	of	mol (of a substance) ✓ <i>ALLOW</i> energy change for combustion in excess oxygen <i>OR</i> energy released during complete combustion <i>OR</i> energy change for combustion in excess air <i>NOT</i> energy required		
		This mark is not stand alone but must relate to statement about an enthalpy change even if the statement was not awarded a mark		
				[2]

(ii)  $M_{\rm r} [CH_3(CH_2)_4OH] = 88.0 \checkmark$ 

 $n = 0.0200 \mod \checkmark$ ALLOW 88 ALLOW 0.02 OR ecf from wrong  $M_r$ ALLOW full marks for 0.02 with no working out

(iii) (−)2821.5 **✓** 

= (−)2820 (3 SF) ✓

correct minus sign  $\checkmark$ 

**ALLOW correct substitution into formula**(b)(i)  $\div$  (b)(ii) e.g. 56.4  $\div$  0.02 this is essentially a mark for the working **ALLOW** ecf from i.e. answer from (b)(i)  $\div$  (b)(ii) The minus mark is stand alone and is independent of the numerical answer

9. (i) pressure: 100 kPa OR 101 kPa AND temperature: 298 K OR 25°C ✓ *units needed* ALLOW 1 bar OR 1 atm OR 760 mmHg ALLOW any stated temperature so for example 100kPa and 40°C would be credited with a mark IGNORE any reference to moles or concentration

(ii)  $6C(s) + 7H_2(g) \rightarrow C_6H_{14}(l) \checkmark$ ALLOW graphite / gr

4

[6]

1

2

3

1

- (iii) many different hydrocarbons would form
   OR activation energy too high
   OR reaction too slow
   OR they don't react together ✓
   *ALLOW* can form different isomers OR can form different
   structures
   IGNORE reaction may be reversible
- (iv)  $6 \times -394 + 7 \times -286$  shown **OR** calculated as  $-4366 \checkmark$

-4366 and -4163 added **OR** subtracted  $\checkmark$ 

correct answer -4366 - (-4163) = -203 ✓
ALLOW THREE marks for -203 on its own with no working
out or written on the answer line
ALLOW TWO marks for +203,+3483, +1513, +1767 or
-8529 on its own with no working out
ALLOW ONE mark for -3483, -1513, -1767 or
+8529 on its own with no working out
units NOT needed
Positive sign not needed for endothermic answers

[6]

1

10.

(i)

 $Cl + O_3 \rightarrow ClO + O_2 \checkmark$   $ClO + O \rightarrow Cl + O_2 \checkmark$ overall:  $O_3 + O \rightarrow 2O_2 \checkmark$ 

## OR

 $Cl + CH_4 \rightarrow CH_3 + HCl \checkmark$  $CH_3 + Cl_2 \rightarrow CH_3Cl + Cl \checkmark$ overall:  $CH_4 + Cl_2 \rightarrow CH_3Cl + HCl \checkmark$ Marks must come from one or other of the radical process and not from both of them. If two processes are described then an incorrect step in one process will contradict a correct step in the other process. ALLOW overall equation mark even if the steps are wrong the radicals do NOT need a single dot **IGNORE** any state symbols ALLOW  $Cl + O_3 \rightarrow ClO + O_2 \checkmark$  $ClO + O_3 \rightarrow Cl + 2O_2 \checkmark$ overall:  $2O_3 \rightarrow 3O_2 \checkmark$ ALLOW any saturated hydrocarbon including cyclic ALLOW ecf for second step and overall reaction if wrong

hydrocarbon used e.g.  $C_2H_4$  is used in first step

(ii)  $\Delta H$  shown **and** products below reactants  $\checkmark$ E<sub>a</sub> shown  $\checkmark$ 

 $E_c$  shown  $< E_a$   $\checkmark$ 



**NOT** double headed arrows but apply ecf for more than one double headed arrow

**ALLOW** one mark if two correctly labelled curves are drawn but the arrows are not shown or are incorrectly drawn The arrows must be positioned as closely as possible to the maximum height of the curves but allow some degree of bod

[6]

[4]

11.	(i)	bond breaking is endothermic/ energy has to be put in to break a bond (1)	1
	(ii)	bonds broken: $3(C-H) + (C-O) + (O-H) + 1.5 (O=O) = 2781 \text{ kJ}$ (1) bonds made: $2(C=O) + 4(O-H) = 3470 \text{ kJ}$ (1)	
		$\Delta H_{\rm c} = -689 \; (\rm kJ \; mol^{-1}) \; (1)$	3

12.	(a)	(i)	(heat/energy change) when 1 mole of substance is formed (1) from its elements (1)	2	
		(ii)	1 atm/101 kPa and a stated temperature/25 °C/298 K (1)	1	
		(iii)	$C(s) + \frac{1}{2} O_2(g) \rightarrow CO(g)$ balanced equation forming 1 mol CO (1) state symbols (1)	2	
		(iv)	cycle drawn/sum of $\Delta H$ (products) – $\Delta H$ (products) (1) -75 – 242 + x = -110 (1)		
			$\Delta H = (+)207 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$ (1)	3	
	(b)	prod	action of margarine/ammonia/Haber process (1)	1	[9]
13.	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>8</sub> form balar ignor	$_{3} + 50_{2}$ ulae $\checkmark$ ncing $\checkmark$ re state	$2 \rightarrow 3CO_2 + 4H_2O$ symbols		[2]
14.	(enth elem is co unde corre	aalpy/ e ent/ co mplete r stand ect) ✓	energy/ heat change) when 1 mole of substance/ mpound ✓ (NOT absorbed) ly burnt/ burnt in excess oxygen ✓ ard conditions ( if conditions stated they must be		[3]
15.	(i)	(enth from	alpy change) when 1 mole of compound is formed $\checkmark$ the constituent elements $\checkmark$	2	
	(ii)	6C(s corre tate s	$(+7H_2(g) \rightarrow C_6H_{14}(l))$ et formulae and balancing $\checkmark$ symbols $\checkmark$	2	
	(iii)	temp press	erature 25°C/ 298K/ a stated temperature (if justified) ure 1 atm/ 100 kPa/ 101 kPa ✓	1	[5]

16.	diagram	to	show
-----	---------	----	------

lines to show energy level at start above that at end of reaction  $\checkmark$  $\Delta H$  labelled between reactants and products  $\checkmark$ 

 $E_{\rm a}$  labelled from reactants to top of energy 'hump'  $\checkmark$ 

[3]

[3]

- 17. correct Hess' cycle ✓ x - 890 = -572 - 394 ✓  $x = -76 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1})$  ✓
- **18.** (i)  $1652/4 = 413 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}) \checkmark$  1
  - (ii)  $(C \square C) + 6 (C \square H) = 2825 \checkmark$  $(C \square C) = 2825 - 6(413) = 347 (kJ mol^{-1}) \checkmark$  2 [3]
- 19. (a) (a reaction) that releases energy/ (a reaction) that releases heat/ a reaction with a 1 negative  $\Delta H(1)$ diagram to show (b) (i) upward **hump** (1)  $CO_2 + (2)H_2O/$  carbon dioxide and water below reactants (1) 2 (ii)  $E_a$  marked (1) if an arrowhead is included, it must be upwards 1 [4] 20. (a) (heat/ energy change) when 1 mole of substance is formed (1) from its elements (1) 2 (b)  $C(s) + 2H_2(g) \rightarrow CH_4(g)$ balanced equation (1)state symbols (1) 2

	(c)	cycle drawn/ sum of enthalpy changes products – sum of enthalpy changes reactants (1) $-75 - 242 + \times = -110$ (1) $\Delta H = 207$ (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) (1)	3	
	(d)	any industrial use, examples include manufacture of ammonia/ for Haber process manufacture of margarine/ hydrogenation of alkenes	1	[8]
21.	(i)	to break a bond energy has to be put in/ $\checkmark$ breaking bonds is endothermic	1	
	(ii)	energy needed to break 1 mole of bonds $\checkmark$ in the substance in the gaseous state $\checkmark$	2	
	(iii)	bonds broken: $3(C-H) + (C-O) + (O-H) + 1\frac{1}{2} (O=O) = 2781 \text{ kJ } \checkmark$ bonds made: $2(C=O) + 4(O-H) = 3470 \text{ kJ } \checkmark$ $\Delta H = -689 \checkmark (k \text{ I mol}^{-1})$	3	
	(iv)	actual bond enthalpies may be different from average values $\checkmark$	5	
		conditions are not standard / methanol/ water is a liquid under standard conditions $\checkmark$	2	[8]
22.	(i)	(enthalpy/ energy change) when 1 mole of substance/compound formed $\checkmark$ from its elements $\checkmark$ under standard conditions $\checkmark$ (if conditions quoted must be correct – 25 C/298 K, 1 atm/100 kPa/101 kPa)	3	
	(ii)	$Mg(s) + N_2(g) + 3O_2(g) \checkmark Mg(NO_3)_2(s)$ balanced species $\checkmark$ state symbols $\checkmark$	2	
	(iii)	cycle 🗸		
		$x - 791 = -602 - 2(33) \checkmark$		
		$x = 123 \checkmark$	3	[8]

23.	(i)	reaction carried out at 298K and 1 atm pressure (or other relevant units) (1)	1	
	(ii)	enthalpy change when 1 mole (1)		
		(of substance) is burnt in excess oxygen (1)	2	
	(iii)	$4CO_2 + 5H_2O$ at lower energy than reagents (1)		
		$E_{\rm a}$ marked correctly (1)		
		$\Delta H$ marked correctly (1)	3	
				[6]

24. (i)  $4C(s) + 5H_2(g) \rightarrow C_4H_{10}(g)$ reagents and products (1) state symbols (1)

(ii) 
$$4C + 5H_2 \xrightarrow{X} C_4H_{10}$$
  
 $4(-394) 5(-286) -2877$   
 $4CO_2 5H_2O$   
cycle (1)  
correct values (1)  
answer (1)  
 $X - 2877 = 4(-394) + 5(-286)$   
 $X = -129 (kJ mol^{-1})$ 

3

2

25. (a) (i) bonds broken  $(N - N) + (O == O) + (N - H) = 163 + 497 + 4(390) = 2220 \text{ (kJ mol}^{-1}) (1)$ bonds made

$$(N \equiv N) + 4(OH) = 945 + 4(463) = 2797 (KJ mo \tilde{l}^{-1}) (1)$$

broken  $\Delta H$  is +ve and made  $\Delta H$  is -ve (1)

enthalpy of reaction = 
$$577 (KJ mol^{-1})$$
 (1) 4

(ii) 
$$\frac{577}{32} = 18.0(KJ)(1)$$
 1

	(b)	N-N too n not n by hy	bond is weak/ higher Ea for ammonia/ rate too slow for ammonia/ nuch energy to break bonds in ammonia / hydrazine is liquid/ do need pressurised containers/ more moles/ lots of gas produced ydrazine/ more energy per mole produced by hydrazine (1)	1	[6]
26.	(a)	(enth NOT	alpy change) when 1 mole of substance/ element/ compound (1)		
		is co	mpletely burnt (1)	2	
	(b)	C <sub>3</sub> H <sub>7</sub> corre	$_{2}OH(l) + 4\frac{1}{2}O_{2}(g) \rightarrow 3CO_{2}(g) + 4H_{2}O(I)$ excly balanced equation (1)		
		state	symbols (species must be correct) (1)	2	
	(c)	(i)	$\Box H = mc \Box T (1)$		
			$\Box$ H = 50 × 4.18 × 12.8 = 2675 (J) = 2.68 (kJ) (1) ignore sign	2	
		(ii)	Mr  propan-1-ol = 60 (1)		
			number moles = $0.00167(1)$	2	
		(iii)	$\Box \mathbf{H} = \tilde{(1608}(KJ  mo  \tilde{l}^{-1}) \ (1)$	1	
		(iv)	heat losses (1)		
			thermal capacity of beaker ignored (1)		
			conditions were non-standard (1)		
			combustion could be incomplete (1)		
			propan-1-ol evaporates (1)		
			water evaporates (1)	2	[11]
27.	(i)	the e [men	nthalpy change when <u>1 mole</u> of compound/species/substance is formed $\checkmark$ tion of 1 mole of <i>elements</i> negates this mark]		
		from	its <u>elements</u> [NOT atoms/ions] (under standard conditions) $\checkmark$	2	
	(ii)	25°C	2/298K and 1 atmos/1 $\times$ 10 <sup>5</sup> Pa $\checkmark$	1	[3]

**28.**  $Pb(s) + \frac{1}{2} O_2(g) \rightarrow PbO(s)$  (balancing for 1 mol of PbO)  $\checkmark$  (state symbols)  $\checkmark u/c$ 

[2]

29.	(i)	$\Delta H_{f}^{\Theta} = -718 - 3(-217)$							
		= -67 (kJ mol <sup>-1</sup> ) (use of corre	ect d	ata & mi	ultiplier			<b>√</b> )	
		(correct signs						<b>√</b> )	
				(correct	t calculat	ion of 1	value	<b>√</b> )	3
		some possible ecf values:	+	67					2
			_	501					2
			+	501					1
			_	1369					2
			+	1369					1
	(ii)	$\Delta H_{f}^{\Theta} = -718 + 10 + 2(217)$							
		$= -274 (kJ mol^{-1})$ (use of corr	rect a	data & m	nultiplie			<b>~</b> )	
				(correct signs				<b>~</b> )	
				(correct	t calculat	ion of v	value	<b>√</b> )	3
		some possible ecf values: -57	7	[2]					
		-28	34	[2]	-294	[2]			
		+42	24	[1]	+444	[2]	-491 [2]	]	
		-51	11	[1]	-708	[1]	-1142 [2]	]	
		for others, work through the	calc:	-[1] for	each erro	or.			

**30.** I-I(g)  $\rightarrow$  2I(g) (state symbols  $\checkmark$ ) (1 mole  $I_2 \checkmark$ )

[2]

[6]

**31.** No mark scheme available

- **32.** No mark scheme available
- **33.** No mark scheme available